

# Making the Most of Program Data to Improve Quality

Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) as a Tool for Pursuing Program Excellence

Olivia Ashley, Public Strategies Roseana Bess, Mathematica

June 25-28, 2019





#### Partnering to Promote Positive Outcomes for All Youth

US Department of Health and Human Services Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF) Family and Youth Services Bureau (FYSB) Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention Program Grantee Conference

### Disclaimer

The views expressed in written training materials, publications, or presentations by speakers and moderators do not necessarily reflect the official policies of the Department of Health and Human Services; nor does mention of trade names, commercial practices, or organizations imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

This project is supported by the Family Youth and Services Bureau in the Administration for Children and Families, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under contract number HHSP233201500035I/HHSP23337031T.







# Today's Learning Objectives

#### By the end of the presentation, participants will be able to:

- Define continuous quality improvement and describe APP grantee staff roles for implementing the CQI process,
- 2. Use a CQI framework to identify at least one data source and plan at least one analysis to assess at least one program quality improvement strategy, and
- 3. Develop a plan to support program improvement processes









# What is CQI?







## **CQI** Defined

Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) is a process by which grantees may:

- Identify and analyze strengths and problems
- Implement, test, and revise solutions
- Always be moving toward program excellence







# Other names or CQI tools

- Data-driven decision making
- Rapid cycle evaluation
- Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA)
- Learn, Innovate, Improve (LI<sup>2</sup>)







## CQI vs Program Monitoring

- Program monitoring documents what is happening
- CQI is a way to use that information for improvement



meetings

learned to improve





quality data



### CQI: a Combination of Processes

#### **CQI** brings together different processes:

- Program monitoring
- Case reviews
- Quality control
- Strategic planning
- Performance measurement









# Getting Started

- CQI requires planning
   whether you are just getting started or
   have been doing it for awhile
- Everyone has a role
   CQI depends on the participation of all staff
- It requires commitment and persistence it requires a culture of learning









# Developing a CQI Plan

**Draft CQI Action Plan Template (handout)** 

Template offers instructions, tips, and links to other resources

Grantees can use the template to help develop their plans







# The Implementation Team







# Roles and Responsibilities of an Implementation Team

Implementation teams include at least three to five people who are actively and regularly involved in program implementation

- Teams typically include a range of staff who have different roles in the program
- Although all staff participate in CQI, the implementation team manages and oversees the process









# Roles and Responsibilities of an Implementation Team (cont)

They meet regularly and frequently

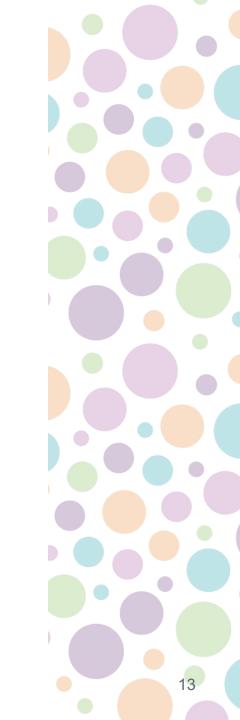
They are the "doers" and "barrier busters" to program implementation challenges

• Identify challenges, develop strategies, test and revise









# Identifying Team Members

Role	Responsibilities
Team leader	Organizes and oversees the CQI process
Key program staff	Identifies targets, develops improvement strategies, and monitors their implementation and testing
Data manager	Oversees data collection and analyzes data to measure progress toward goals
Training/technical assistance supervisor	Supports staff in implementing new strategies







# Making Time for CQI Doesn't Just Happen

**Everyone has competing demands for their time** 

Tips for successful Implementation Team meetings:

Establish a schedule

helps establish expectations

**Identify** communication modes

helps set the tone

Revisit decisions over time

helps meet the program's needs







## Putting It Into Practice

With your group, discuss who on your APP grantee team back home should be included on your Implementation Team.

#### Remember the guidance:

- Implementation teams are small by design, just 3-5 members
- They include a range of staff who have different roles
- They are the "doers" and "barrier busters" and lead the CQI effort







# Mapping the CQI Process







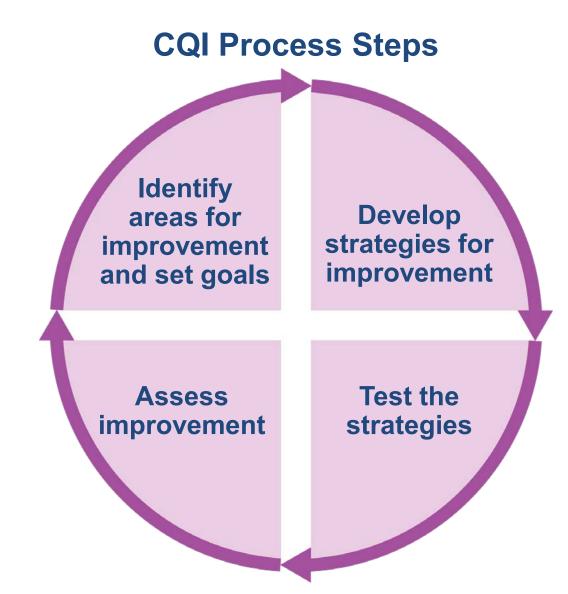
# You have your team, now what?

A CQI process should be tailored to your program context and culture

The template helps you map the CQI steps

Your team will have to prioritize

 It is not possible to change everything at once









# Identify Areas for Improvement

#### What can we do better?

- Work together to identify areas in need of improvement
- Discuss what success in those areas would look like and how your program can get there
- Set SMART goals

S = SPECIFIC

M = MEASURABLE

A = ACHIEVABLE

R = RELEVANT

T = TIME BOUND







# Making Goals SMARTer

Increase attendance at program sessions

Is this goal:

S = SPECIFIC?

M = MEASURABLE?

A = ACHIEVABLE?

R = RELEVANT?

T = TIME BOUND?

Increase attendance at program sessions from 60 to 80 percent

Is this goal:

S = SPECIFIC?

M = MEASURABLE?

A = ACHIEVABLE?

R = RELEVANT?

T = TIME BOUND?

Increase attendance at program sessions from 60 to 80 percent within the next 3 months









# Example SMART Goal: Improving Participation

Low participation		
Area for improvement	FY 2018 participation in APP sessions was 75%.	
Goal	Increase participation rate by 5 percentage points each quarter throughout 2019, with goal of 90% by the end of FY 2019.	







# Using the Draft CQI Action Plan to Identify Goals

Identify an area for improvement, a relevant SMART goal, and possible data sources to use (i.e., attendance, curriculum fidelity, pre- and post-surveys of youth)

#### **Areas include:**

- Enrollment
- Client participation in services
- Client completion of services

- Quality of Services
- Data collection
- Other (such as staff morale, organizational leadership, or teamwork)









# Other Examples of SMART Goals

#### **Enrollment is below ACYF/FYSB-approved target.**

• SMART goal: Increase referrals by 25 percent within the next quarter.

#### Student participation data are not up-to-date.

• SMART goal: Facilitators enter student participation data in within 24 hours of an occurrence.

#### Staff morale is low.

• SMART goal: In three months, staff survey results show that most staff think the work environment is improving.











Working with your group, identify one or two goals for your program you'd like to reach over the next 6 to 12 months.

Using the guidance, make your identified goals SMART.

S = SPECIFIC

M = MEASURABLE

A = ACHIEVABLE

R = RELEVANT

T = TIME BOUND







# Developing Strategies for Improvement

#### How can we do better?

- Explore what might be causing performance issues
   Use data, listen to each other, bring in expertise from outside your program team, if necessary
- Understanding the cause of performance issues will help you develop targeted solutions







# Example Strategy: Improving Participation

Low participation	
Area for improvement	FY 2018 participation in APP sessions was 75%.
Goal	Increase participation rate by 5 percentage points each quarter throughout 2019, with goal of 90% by the end of FY 2019.
Strategy for improvement	Schedule sessions during the lunch hour (rather than after school) to more effectively engage interested participants.
Rationale for strategy	Sessions are scheduled to happen immediately after school, which means some students who would otherwise participate don't because they would miss the bus (their only transportation home).







# Road Test the Strategies

#### Is this a good fit for our program?

- A road test assesses how well a strategy fits in your program
- Small numbers participate over short period of time (about four to six weeks) and provide feedback about their experiences
- Team analyzes data to identify successes and ways to improve
- Road tests often include at least two rounds









# Why Conduct a Road Test?

Change can be difficult and some changes have unintended results

Testing the proposed strategy on a small scale gives the team key information

- How did staff and clients respond to the change?
- Whether and how you could improve the strategy?









# Why Conduct a Road Test? (cont)

# Implementing a change that isn't a good fit for the program could result in failure

- Uses resources inefficiently
- Can contribute to change fatigue among program staff









# Example Road Test: Improving Participation

Low participation	
Area for improvement	FY 2018 participation in APP sessions was 75%.
Goal	Increase participation rate by 5 percentage points each quarter throughout 2019, with goal of 90% by the end of FY 2019.
Strategy to road test	Schedule sessions during the lunch hour (rather than after school) to more effectively engage interested participants.
What do we hope to learn in the road test?	<ul> <li>Does moving the time the sessions are delivered from after school to during lunch increase participation?</li> <li>What worked well about the process?</li> <li>What did not work well about the process?</li> </ul>







# Planning a Road Test

#### **Sample Questions:**

- What is the strategy being tested?
- What are your learning questions for the road test?
- When and how will you implement the strategy?
- When will you start the test?
- What type of feedback and data will you collect during the test?
- When will you analyze the data and discuss the results within the implementation team?









### Analyzing the Road Test Results

After a program has collected feedback, it is time to analyze and interpret the data

#### **Analysis should identify:**

- Strengths and challenges
- Opportunities and concrete suggestions for improvement







## Analyzing the Road Test Results (cont)

#### **Questions to consider**

- What seems to have worked consistently well and not so well?
- What was inconsistent?
- How might your team build on and use your strengths?









# What if the fit isn't quite right?

Implementation team should work with staff to understand what went wrong

• It is common for strategies not to work exactly as expected

Team determines whether the strategy should be modified or discarded

Road test the modified strategy or new approach







### What if it DOES fit?

A successful strategy must not only be a good fit but also improve the underlying issue and help a program achieve its goals

After the road test shows the strategy is a good fit, programs should start assessing progress toward SMART goals

- As with the road test, start with a small number of staff and clients
- Starting small helps to avoid investing too much if the strategy does not work as intended





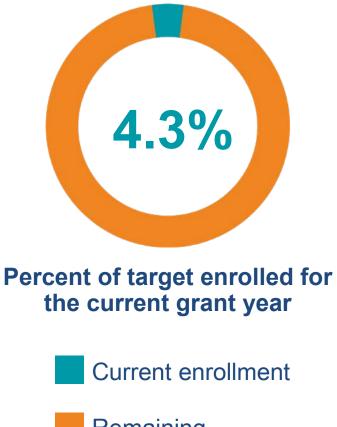


# Track Performance Towards SMART Goals

Select a source from which to pull data

**Determine frequency of monitoring** 

**Assign staff responsibilities** 











### Example: Check the Data

Low participation	
Area for improvement	FY 2018 participation in APP sessions was 75% of goal.
Goal	Increase participation rate by 5 percentage points each quarter throughout 2019, with goal of 90% by the end of FY 2019.
Strategies to road test	Schedule sessions during the lunch hour (rather than after school) to more effectively engage interested participants.
Performance metric	Percent who enrolled who attended at least one session
Data source	Attendance data
Frequency of monitoring	Monthly for three months before testing another strategy







## **Analyzing Improvement**

Did we make progress toward our SMART goal?

# After you have collected data as planned, the next step is analyzing the results

- What data source did your team use to assess improvement?
- When did your team collect data?
- How did your team measure improvement or change over time?
- What did your results show?









### Putting It Into Practice

Working with your group and with the SMART goal(s) you formulated earlier, fill in the details of the CQI plan for these goals:

- area of improvement
- SMART goal
- strategies for improvement
- rationale for strategies

- performance metric
- data source
- frequency of monitoring







## Putting It Into Practice: Example Plan

Low Student Participation	
Area for improvement	FY 2018 participation in APP sessions was 75% of goal.
Goal	Increase participation rate by 5 percentage points each quarter throughout 2019, with goal of 90% by the end of FY 2019.
Strategies for improvement	Schedule sessions during the lunch hour (rather than after school) to more effectively engage interested participants.
Rationale for strategies	Sessions are scheduled to happen immediately after school, which means some students who would otherwise participate don't because they would miss the bus (their only transportation home).
Performance metric	Percent who enrolled who attended at least one workshop
Data source	Attendance data
Frequency of monitoring	Monthly for three months before testing another strategy







## Keep Talking

During every step of CQI, communication among staff is critical

#### All staff should:

- Be informed about the organization's commitment to CQI
- Understand how they will be involved in CQI
- Have opportunities to contribute their ideas, feedback, and recommendations







## Tips for Facilitating CQI Meetings with Staff

**Meet regularly** 

frequent communication is crucial

Set an agenda and expectations

meetings should follow an agenda and include follow up action items Distribute data prior to meeting

allow attendees to view data before the meeting

Come to the meeting prepared

bring questions, rationales, issues to the meeting







## Expanding Successful Strategies

After testing, monitoring, and analyzing, you may decide to extend this strategy to other parts of your program, or to the whole program

This is sometimes called "scale-up"



- Things can change when the strategy is expanded
- It is important to continue assessing improvement after scale-up









### Discussion

- Are the terms used/concepts clear? Are there concepts that could be better explained?
- Are there concepts you would expect to see that are missing?
- Is the formatting in a manner that is useful for you to continually use this tool?
- How would you envision using this with your team?







### Resources







#### 2 Briefs with Guidance on the Process and Road Tests

CQI Action Plan draws on the Learn, Innovate, and Improve (LI2) process

Two briefs are available on the Mathematica website

- An overview of the LI<sup>2</sup> approach to CQI
- Testing a strategy









### Technical Assistance for CQI

Every program is likely in a different place when it comes to CQI – and that's ok!

The plan can help you identify technical assistance needs around CQI









### References

#### **Brief: Overview of LI<sup>2</sup>**

<u>www.mathematica-mpr.com/our-publications-and-findings/publications/learn-innovate-improve-li2-enhancing-programs-and-improving-lives</u>

#### Brief: Testing a strategy using the LI<sup>2</sup> approach

<u>www.mathematica-mpr.com/our-publications-and-findings/publications/using-a-road-test-to-improve-human-services-programs-practice-brief</u>







# Conclusions and Questions







### Conclusions

- CQI is systematic, continuous, and iterative focus on improvement
- It requires participation from and communication with all staff
- The process and results should align with the program's mission and values
- Handout provides step-by-step guidance on forming a CQI implementation team and mapping a plan







# Questions, Comments, Other Thoughts







## Acknowledgements

The content of this presentation is adapted from the work of

#### **Seth Chamberlain**

Acting Branch Chief, Healthy
Marriage and Responsible
Fatherhood ACF's Office of Family
Assistance

Senior Social Science Research Analyst, ACF's Office of Planning, Research, and Evaluation

#### Sarah Avellar

Associate Director of Human Services and Senior Researcher, Mathematica

#### **Angela Rachidi**

Senior Researcher, Mathematica

Additional content was developed by Sheila Cavallo (Public Strategies) and Roseana Bess with input from Olivia Ashley







### **Contact Information**

Roseana Bess

Rbess@mathematica-mpr.com

**Olivia Ashley** 

Olivia.Ashley@publicstrategies.com





